

Digital Audio Tape Deck

Operating Instructions



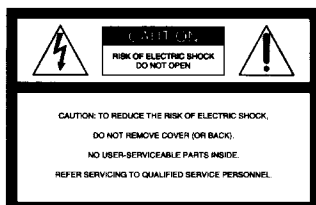
DTC-790

WARNING

To prevent fire or shock hazard, do not expose the unit to rain or moisture.

To avoid electrical shock, do not open the cabinet. Refer servicing to qualified personnel only.

For the customers in the United States



This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated "dangerous voltage" within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.



This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.

Owner's Record

The model and serial numbers are located on the rear of the unit. Record the serial number in the space provided below. Refer to them whenever you call upon your Sony dealer regarding this product.

Model No. DTC-790

Serial No. _____

INFORMATION

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CAUTION

You are cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved in this manual could void your authority to operate this equipment.

For the customers in Canada

CAUTION

TO PREVENT ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT USE THIS POLARIZED AC PLUG WITH AN EXTENSION CORD, RECEPTACLE OR OTHER OUTLET UNLESS THE BLADES CAN BE FULLY INSERTED TO PREVENT BLADE EXPOSURE.

Welcome!

Thank you for purchasing the Sony Digital Audio Tape Deck. Before operating the unit, please read this manual thoroughly and retain it for future reference.

The DTC-790 has the following features:

- High-density linear converters
A pulse A/D converter that produces clear, elegant sound quality and theoretically zero cross distortion, and a pulse D/A converter with a newly developed digital filter and a full feedforward format that reduces quantizing noise in the audible bandwidth, thus expanding the range of spatial expression.
- The Serial Copy Management System (see page 21)
- Three sampling frequencies (48kHz, 44.1kHz, 32kHz)
- Recording and playback in long-play mode.
- Analog recording at 44.1kHz
- Sub codes
Start IDs, program numbers and other sub codes written to the tape allow you to locate tracks quickly.
- See-through cassette compartment lid
A see-through cassette compartment lid that allows you to view tape operations during playback and recording.

About This Manual

The instructions in this manual are for DTC-790.

Conventions

Instructions in this manual describe the controls on the deck.

The following icon is used in this manual:



Indicates useful information or tips that make a task easier.



Indicates a task that requires use of the remote.

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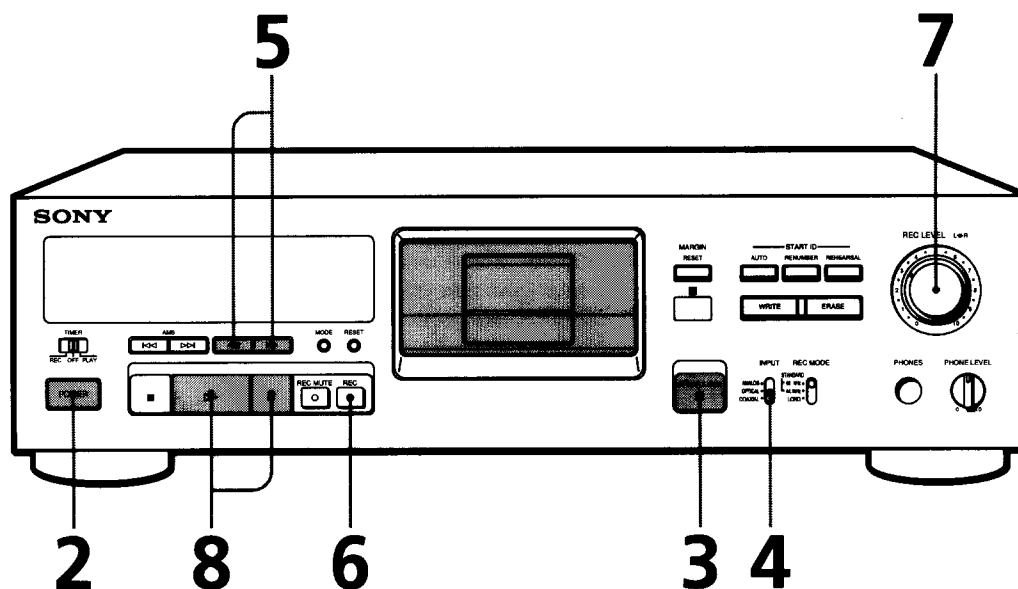
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Recording on a DAT

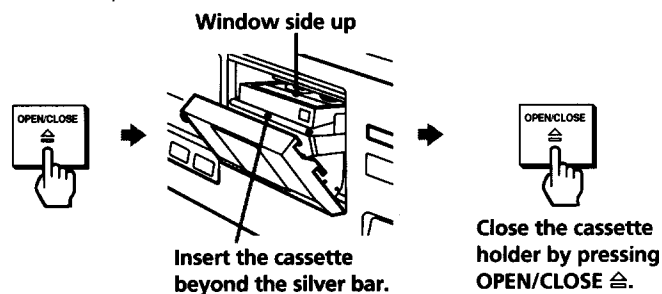


See pages 7 and 8 for hookup information.

1 Turn on the amplifier and play the program source you want to record.

2 Press POWER.

3 Press OPEN/CLOSE  and insert a cassette.



4 Set INPUT to the corresponding input connector.

To record through	Set INPUT to
ANALOG (LINE) IN	ANALOG
DIGITAL OPTICAL IN	OPTICAL
DIGITAL COAXIAL IN	COAXIAL

5 Locate the position where you want to start recording.

To record from the beginning of the tape

Press ◀◀ to rewind the tape to its beginning.

To record from the end of the recorded portion

1 Press ◀◀ to rewind the tape to its beginning.

2 Press ▶▶.

The deck locates the end of the recorded portion on the tape and stops automatically.

6 Press REC ●.

The deck becomes ready to record.

7 When recording the analog input signal, adjust the recording level with REC LEVEL.

The recommended recording level is 3. For details, refer to "Adjusting the Recording Level for Analog Recording" on page 10.

8 Press || or ▷.

Recording starts.

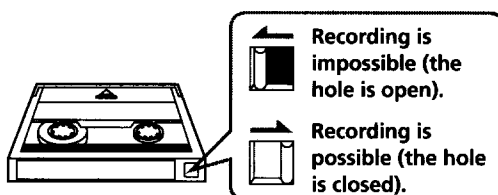
9 Start playing the program source.

When the tape reaches the end, the deck rewinds it automatically to its beginning and stops (Auto Rewind).

To	Press
Stop recording	■
Pause recording	. Press the button again to resume recording.
Take out the cassette	OPEN/CLOSE ⇄ after stopping recording

To prevent accidental erasure

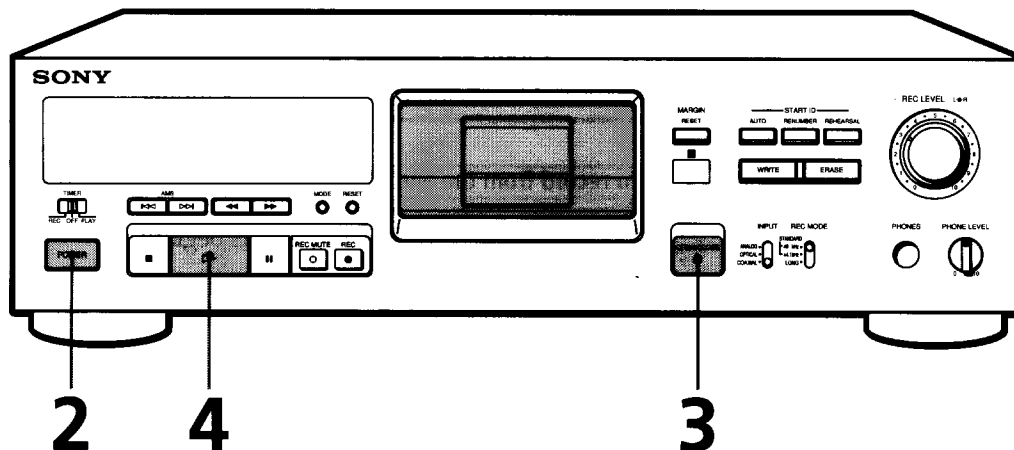
Slide the record-protect tab to the left as shown in the illustration below.



💡 If "UNLOCK" appears in the display

The program source is not connected to the deck properly or is not turned on. Make sure that the program source is properly connected or turned on.


Playing a DAT

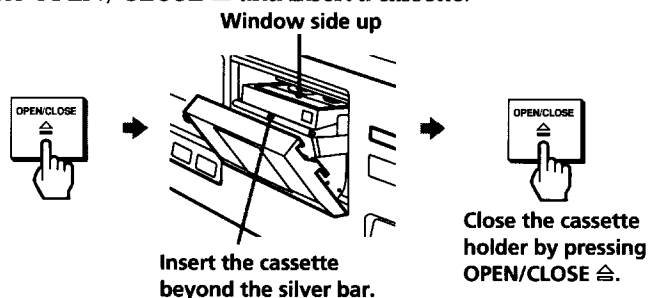



See pages 7 and 8 for hookup information.

1 Turn on the amplifier and set the source selector to the position for DAT.

2 Press POWER.

3 Press OPEN/CLOSE  and insert a cassette.











4 Press .
The deck starts playing. Adjust the volume on the amplifier.



To use headphones

Connect them to the PHONES jack. Use PHONE LEVEL to adjust the volume.

To	Press
Stop playing	
Go to the next track	
Go to the preceding track	
Fast-forward or rewind	 or  when the deck is stopped
Fast-forward or rewind while monitoring the sound	 or  during playback. Release the button to resume normal playback.
Take out the cassette	OPEN/CLOSE  after stopping playing

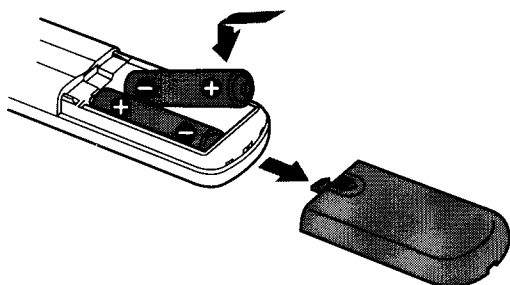
Unpacking

Check that you have received the following supplied items:

- Audio connecting cords (2)
- Remote commander (remote) RM-D9 (1)
- Size-AA (R6) batteries (2)
- Operating instructions (1)
- Warranty card (U.S.A. and Canadian models only) (1)

Inserting batteries into the remote

Insert two size-AA(R6) batteries, matching the + and - on the batteries with the markings inside the battery compartment.



When to replace the batteries

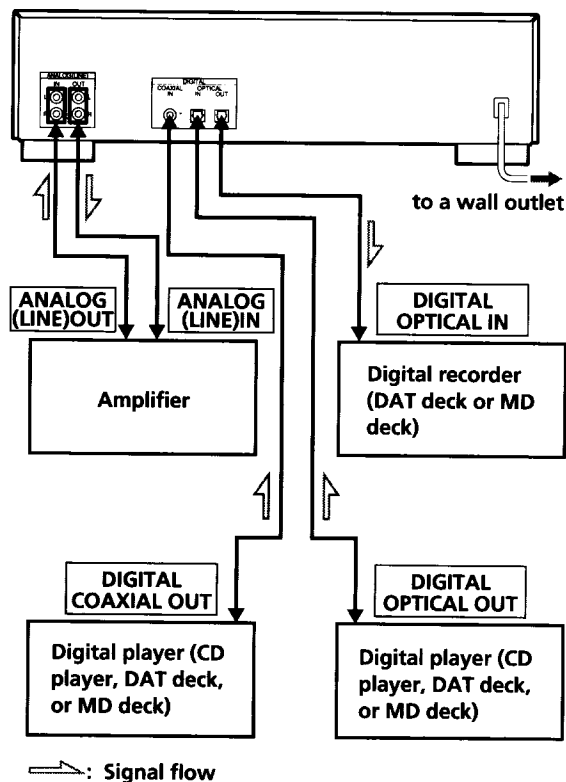
With normal use, batteries should last for about 6 months. When the remote no longer operates the deck, replace both batteries.

Notes

- Do not leave the remote near an extremely hot or humid place.
- Do not drop any foreign matter into the remote casing, particularly when replacing the batteries.
- Do not expose the remote sensor to direct sunlight or illumination as doing so may cause malfunction.
- When not using the remote for an extended period of time, remove the batteries to avoid possible damage from battery leakage and corrosion.

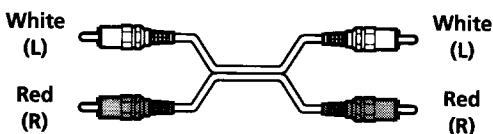
Hooking Up the System

This section describes how to hook up your deck to an amplifier, CD player, MD deck, or other audio components. Be sure to turn off the power to each component before making the connections.

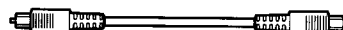


What cords will I need?

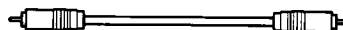
- Audio connecting cords (supplied) (2)



- Optical cables (POC-15 etc.) (not supplied) (2)



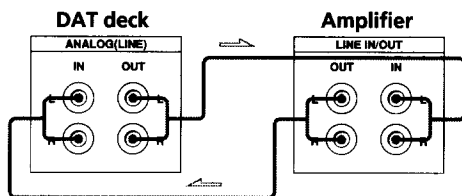
- Coaxial digital connecting cable (VMC-10G etc.) (not supplied) (1)



Hookups

■ Connecting the deck to an amplifier

Use the supplied audio connecting cords to connect the deck to an amplifier. Be sure to match each color-coded plug to the appropriate jack: red (right) to red and white (left) to white. To prevent hum and noise, be sure the connections are firmly made.



■ When recording with a microphone

Connecting the analog output jacks on the stereo microphone amplifier to the ANALOG (LINE) IN jacks of the deck.

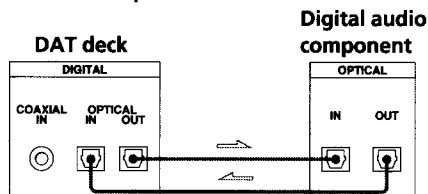
■ Connecting the deck to a digital audio component

A digital audio signal from a digital audio component such as a digital amplifier, DAT deck, CD player, MD deck or BS tuner can be recorded on the DAT deck by connecting the digital output connectors on the component to the digital input connectors (DIGITAL OPTICAL IN or DIGITAL COAXIAL IN) on the deck.

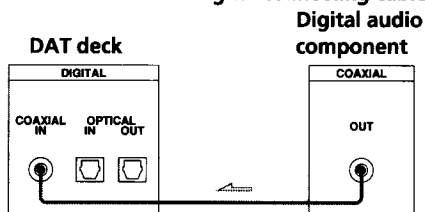
A digital audio signal from the deck can be recorded by connecting the digital output connector (DIGITAL OPTICAL OUT) on the deck to the digital input connector on a digital audio component such as a digital amplifier, DAT deck or MD deck.

Use an optical cable (POC-15A or equivalent)(not supplied) or a coaxial digital connecting cable (VMC-10G or equivalent)(not supplied).

• Connection with optical cables



• Connection with coaxial digital connecting cable



Note

If "PROHIBIT" appears in the display, recording through the digital jack is not possible.

In this case, set the INPUT switch to ANALOG and record the program source through the ANALOG (LINE) IN jacks.

Connecting the AC power cord

Connect the AC power cord to a wall outlet.

Where do I go next?

Now you're ready to use your deck.

For basic operations, go to pages 4 to 6; for advanced operations, go to the sections immediately after this one.

For basic recording operations, see pages 4 and 5.

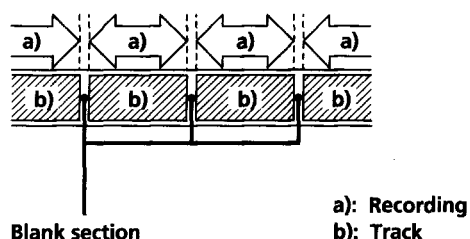
Things You Should Know Before Recording

The difference between a blank section and a sound-muted section

The deck distinguishes between two kinds of silent sections, which are respectively called a "blank section" or "sound-muted section".

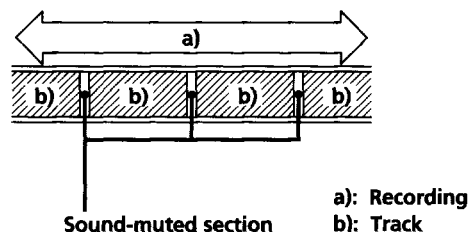
Blank section

This is a section on which no signal has ever been recorded.



Sound-muted section

This is a section on which a signal has been recorded but at a level that is not audible.



Important

Make sure no blank sections are created while you are recording. The existence of blank sections within recorded material will make search operations using the \lll/\ggg buttons impossible or destroy the continuity of the absolute time codes.

If you press the REC ● button while in a blank section

The deck automatically rewinds the tape to the beginning of the blank section and changes to recording pause (except during Timer Recording).

Absolute time codes

Absolute time codes indicate the elapsed time from the beginning of the tape. These codes are automatically recorded. Note that once recorded, absolute time codes cannot be re-written.

For accurate recording of absolute time codes

- If the tape is blank, make sure to start recording from the beginning of the tape.
- Use Record Muting (see page 11) to insert spaces between tracks. Do not advance the tape with the \triangleright or $\triangleright\triangleright$ button.
- To start recording from the middle of a tape, use End Search (see page 10) to locate the end of the recorded portion. This will prevent the creation of blank sections.

If "EMPHASIS" appears in the display

The deck is recording a digital signal with emphasis (in the higher frequencies). The recording will also contain the same emphasis.

If the deck is left in recording pause for more than 10 minutes

Recording pause will be released automatically, the deck will stop and "SOURCE" will appear in the display.

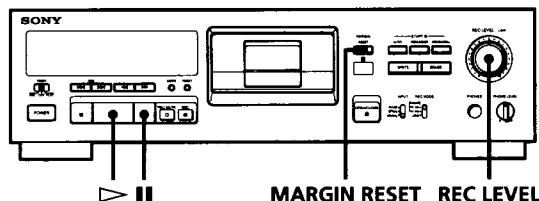
To resume recording, press the REC ● button. The deck will change to recording pause.

When using a new tape

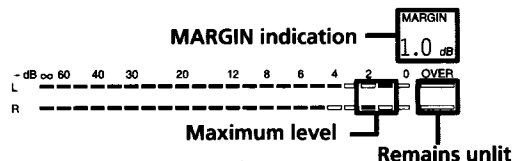
Before you record on a new tape, we recommend that you fast forward the whole tape and then rewind to the beginning to make the tape reel smoothly.

Adjusting the Recording Level for Analog Recording

Before you start recording an analog source through ANALOG (LINE) IN, set the INPUT switch to ANALOG and adjust the recording level.



- 1 Do steps 1 to 6 of "Recording on a DAT" on pages 4 and 5.
- 2 Play the portion of the program source with the strongest signal level.
- 3 While monitoring the sound, turn REC LEVEL to adjust the recording level so that the peak level meters are at maximum level without entering the OVER (red) range.



The segments of the peak level meters corresponding to the maximum signal strength remain lit longer than normal. The MARGIN indication shows the margin between maximum signal strength and 0dB, changing each time a stronger signal.

If the level exceeds 0dB

The segments under "OVER" light up, and "0.0 dB" flashes in the display. If these segments light steadily, sound distortion may occur. To avoid this, keep the recording level between -12dB and 0dB.

To reset the margin indication

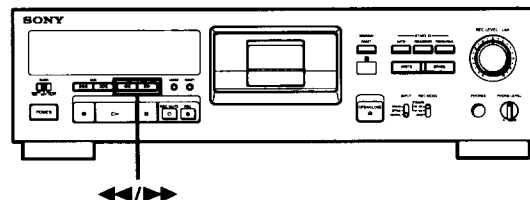
Press MARGIN RESET. The margin indication changes to "- dB".

- 4 Stop playing the program source.
- 5 To start recording, press **II** or **>**, then start playing the program source.

Locating the End of the Recorded Portion (End Search)

End Search detects a blank section longer than 9 seconds, then automatically rewinds the tape to the end of the recorded portion, then stops.

Use End Search to start recording from the end of the recorded portion without creating a blank section on the tape.



- 1 With the deck stopped, press **<<** to rewind the tape to the beginning.
- 2 Press **>>**. The deck locates the end of the recorded portion, then stops. The deck stops at the beginning of any blank section that is 9 seconds or longer, or fast-forwards to the end of the tape if the tape is blank.



If you press the REC ● button while in a blank section
The deck automatically rewinds the tape to the beginning of the blank section and changes to recording pause. "BLANK" and "WAIT" appear in the display while the deck is searching for the beginning of the blank section.

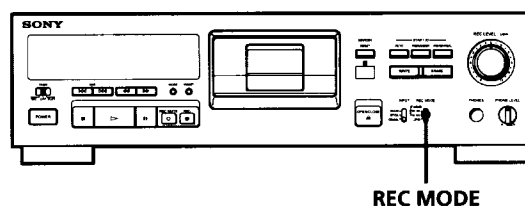
Notes

- End Search does not operate if you press the **>>** button while in a blank section.
- If the tape is blank, the deck merely fast-forwards to the end of the tape.

Setting the Recording Mode

You can select either of two recording modes—standard or long—in the following cases.

- When recording an analog input signal with the INPUT switch set to ANALOG
- When recording a digital input signal with a sampling frequency of 32 kHz with the INPUT switch set to OPTICAL or COAXIAL.



Set REC MODE to select the recording mode.

The following table shows the selectable recording modes and corresponding REC MODE position and sampling frequency for various input signals.

Input signal	REC MODE position	Recording mode
Analog	STANDARD (48kHz)	Standard play (48kHz)
	STANDARD (44.1kHz)	Standard play (44.1kHz)
	LONG	Long play (32kHz)
Digital (32kHz)	STANDARD (48kHz)	Standard play (32kHz)
	STANDARD (44.1kHz)	
	LONG	Long play (32kHz)
Digital (44.1kHz)	STANDARD (48kHz)	Standard play (44.1kHz) (Standard play only)
	STANDARD (44.1kHz)	
	LONG	
Digital (48kHz)	STANDARD (48kHz)	Standard play (48kHz) (Standard play only)
	STANDARD (44.1kHz)	
	LONG	

The recording time in long-play mode (the REC MODE switch set to LONG) is twice as long as standard-play mode.



The counter in long-play mode

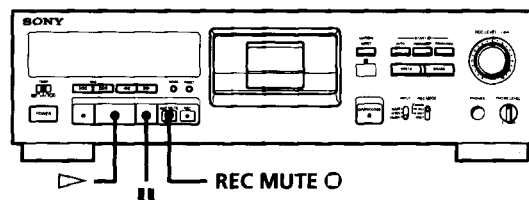
The displayed tape running time, absolute time and remaining time on the tape are for standard-play mode. Double the time to obtain the corresponding times for long-play mode.


Note

Do not change the INPUT or REC MODE setting while recording. This may cause an error in the "PGM TIME" (playing time of the track) display.





Inserting a Sound-Muted Section While Recording (Record Muting)



Use Record Muting to insert a space of about 4 seconds between tracks. This is recommended if you plan to copy the DAT tape to an analog audio cassette tape since the spaces will allow you to use automatic search functions to locate the beginning of each track. When you start recording from the beginning of a blank tape and want to insert a space before the first track, be sure to create a sound-muted section using Record Muting only. Do not advance the tape with the  or  button since this will create a blank section on the tape (see page 9).



- 1 Press REC MUTE  where you want to insert a space while the deck is recording or in recording pause. The deck creates a sound-muted section as "REC" flashes in the display. After the sound-muted section is completed, "REC" lights up and the deck changes to recording pause.

To insert a blank space longer than 4 seconds

Hold down the REC MUTE  button as long as you want. When you release the button, the sound-muted section ends and the deck changes to become recording pause. If you keep the button pressed longer than 4 seconds, "REC" will begin to flash more quickly and the time elapsed after pressing the REC MUTE  button is shown in the display. When you release the REC MUTE  button,  in the display stays on and the deck changes to recording pause.

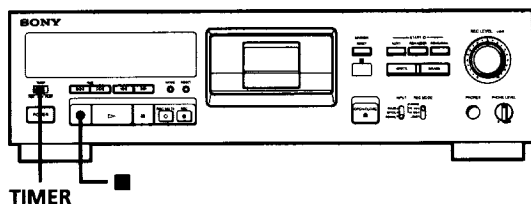
- 2 Press  or  to resume recording. The deck starts recording again.

Note

If you do not create a sound-muted section at the beginning of a tape, you may not be able to move or erase a start ID (see page 15) that is recorded within 2 seconds from the beginning of the tape.

Recording Using a Timer (Timer Recording)

By connecting a timer (not supplied) to the deck, you can start and stop recording operations at specified times. For further information, refer to the instructions that came with the timer.



- 1** Do steps 1 to 7 of "Recording on a DAT" on pages 4 and 5.
- 2**
 - To specify the time for the start of recording, press ■.
 - To specify the time for the end of recording, do steps 8 and 9 of "Recording on a DAT" on pages 4 and 5.
 - To specify the time for the start and end of recording, press ■.
- 3** Set TIMER on the deck to REC.
- 4** Set the timer as required.
 - When you have set the time for the start of recording, the deck turns off. When the specified time arrives, the deck turns on and after about 4 seconds starts recording.
 - When you have set the time for the end of recording, the deck continues recording, then when the specified time arrives, the deck stops recording and turns off.
 - When you have set the time for both the start and end of recording, the deck turns off. When the starting time arrives, the deck turns on and after about 4 seconds, recording starts. When the ending time arrives, the deck stops recording and turns off.
- 5** After using the timer, set TIMER on the deck to OFF.

Notes

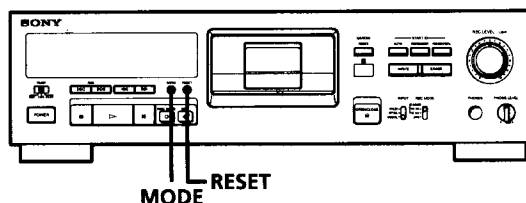
- If TIMER switch is left at the REC position, the deck will automatically start recording when you turn on the deck next time.
- During Timer Recording (i.e., when the TIMER switch is set to the REC position), Auto Rewind (see page 13) will not function even if the tape ends during recording. This is to prevent previously recorded material from being recorded over.

For basic playback operations, see page 6.

About the Display

You can use the display to show the following types of time information:

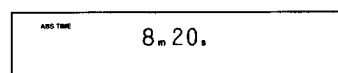
- absolute time
- playing time of the track
- remaining time on the tape
- tape running time



Showing the absolute time, playing time of the track, remaining time on the tape, and tape running time.

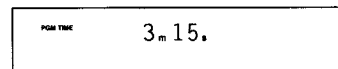
Press MODE (or COUNTER MODE on the remote). Each time you press the button, the displayed information changes as follows.

Absolute time



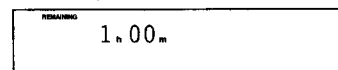
Press ↓

Playing time of the track



Press ↓

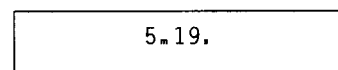
Remaining time on the tape



In the case of premastered DAT, the remaining time is to the end of the recorded portion.

Press ↓

Tape running time



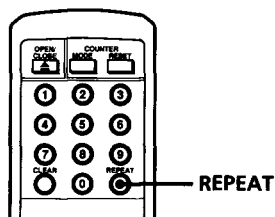
Press ↶

To reset the tape running time

Press RESET (or COUNTER RESET on the remote).

Playing Tracks Repeatedly (Repeat Play)

You can play a specific track or all the tracks on the tape repeatedly.



Playing all tracks repeatedly

Press REPEAT repeatedly while playing a track until "REPEAT" appears in the display. The deck will then play back all tracks until it detects the end of the last track, which may be:

- a blank section of 9 seconds or more
- the end of the tape

When the deck detects either of the above, it rewinds the tape to beginning and plays back all tracks again. The deck repeats this cycle up to 5 times, then automatically stops.

To stop playing all tracks repeatedly

Press REPEAT repeatedly until "REPEAT" disappears.

Note

Repeat Play of all tracks is canceled when you take out the cassette.

Playing a track repeatedly

Press REPEAT repeatedly while playing the track that you want until "REPEAT 1" appears in the display. The deck will then play back the track until its end, which may be:

- the next start ID
- a blank section of 9 seconds or more
- the end of the tape

When the deck detects any of the above, it rewinds the tape and starts playing from the start ID of the same track again. The deck repeats this cycle up to 5 times, then automatically stops.

To stop playing a track repeatedly

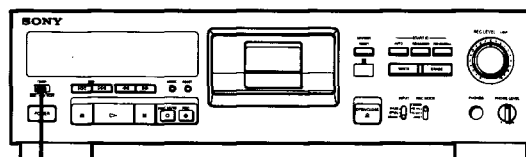
Press REPEAT repeatedly until "REPEAT 1" disappears.

Note

Repeat Play of a single track is canceled when you take out the cassette.

Playback Using a Timer (Timer Playing)

By connecting a timer (not supplied) to the deck, you can start and stop playback operations at specified times. For further information, refer to the instructions that came with the timer.

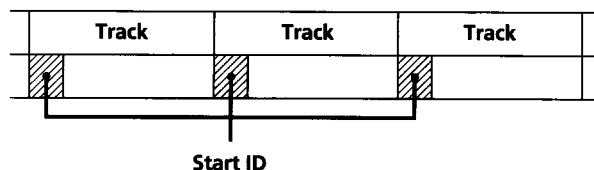


TIMER

- To specify the time for the start of playing, do steps 1 to 3 of "Playing a DAT" on page 6.
 - To specify the time for the end of playing, do steps 1 to 4 of "Playing a DAT" on page 6.
 - To specify the time for the start and end of playing, do steps 1 to 3 of "Playing a DAT" on page 6.
- Set TIMER on the deck to PLAY.
- Set the timer as required.
 - When you have set the time for the start of playback, the deck turns off. When the specified time arrives, the deck turns on and after about 4 seconds starts playing.
 - When you have set the time for the end of playback, the deck continues playing, then when the specified time arrives, the deck stops playing and turns off.
 - When you have set the time for both the start and end of playback, the deck turns on. When the starting time arrives, the deck turns on and after about 4 seconds, playback starts. When the ending time arrives, the deck stops playing and turns off.
- After using the timer, set TIMER on the deck to OFF.

About Sub Codes

In the DAT format, sub codes (i.e., control codes such as start IDs and program numbers) can be written on the tape along with the audio signal. These sub codes allow you to use AMS (see page 13) or Direct Access (see page 13). Since sub codes are written on the tape separately from the audio signal, they have no effect on the audio signal.



Start IDs

Start IDs indicate the start of a track, and therefore allow you to locate the position of a track precisely. The start IDs are 9 seconds in length (18 seconds in long-play mode) to enable easy detection during fast-forwarding or rewinding.

Program numbers

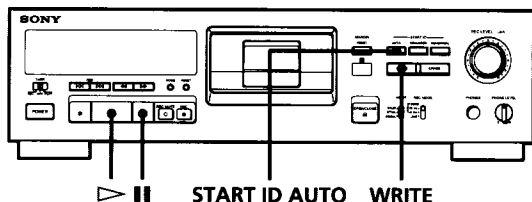
Program numbers serve as track numbers. Occupying the same position as start IDs, a program numbers allow you to locate specific tracks.

Note

- The **■** and **||** buttons do not work during the writing of sub codes.
- Writing and erasing of start IDs and renumbering of program numbers are impossible if the record-protect hole on the DAT cassette is open (see page 5).

Writing Start IDs During Recording

You can write start IDs either manually or automatically anytime during recording.

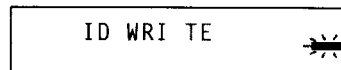


Manual Writing of Start IDs During Recording

Press **WRITE**.

"ID WRITE" appears in the display for a few seconds and the start ID is written on the tape at the selected position. "START ID" flashes in the display during this time.

Start ID



Note

The interval between start IDs must be more than 18 seconds (36 seconds in long-play mode). If the interval is less than 18 seconds (or 36 seconds), the deck may fail to detect the second start ID during playback.

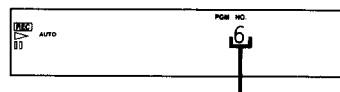
Writing the Start IDs Automatically During Recording

Do the following procedure to automatically write program numbers along with start IDs at the same position.

- When recording an analog signal with the **INPUT** switch at **ANALOG**
A start ID and program number are written whenever the input signal rises above a given level after remaining at a muted or low level for 3 seconds or more.
- When recording a digital signal with the **INPUT** switch at **OPTICAL** or **COAXIAL**
A start ID and program number are written whenever a new track is detected while recording a digital signal through the **COAXIAL IN** or **OPTICAL IN** jack from a digital source such as CD player or another DAT deck. Start IDs and program numbers are not written, however, for tracks that are less than 18 seconds in length.

- Do steps 1 to 7 of "Recording on a DAT" on pages 4 and 5.
The deck changes to recording pause.
- Press **START ID AUTO** repeatedly until "AUTO" appears in the display.
- If you are recording from the end of the recorded portion, use the number buttons to specify the program number after the last one recorded.

Example: When program number 5 is the last program number recorded on the tape.



The next program number

(Continued)

If the last program number on the tape appears in the display, you don't have to specify the next program number. If you are recording from the beginning of a blank tape, program number "1" appears in the display. If you forget program numbering at this time, you can add them later (see "Renumbering the Program Numbers Automatically (Renumbering)" on page 17).

- 4 To start recording, press **II** or **▷**, then start playing the program source.
Start IDs are written on the tape automatically during recording.
"ID WRITE" appears for a few seconds whenever a sub codes (a start ID and program number) are being written.

During digital recording from a CD player

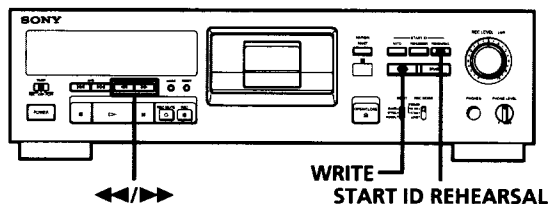
Start recording on your deck first, then press the **▶** PLAY button on the CD player while it is stopped. If you place your deck into recording pause and the CD into play pause before you start recording, the start ID and program number of the first track on the CD may not be correctly written to the tape.

Notes

During automatic start ID writing the positioning of some start IDs may be inaccurately or inappropriately positioned away from the beginning of the track. If this happens, you can reposition or erase the start IDs later (see "Accurate Positioning of Start IDs (Rehearsal)" on this page and "Erasing Start IDs" on page 17).

Writing Start IDs During Playback

You can write start IDs during playback.

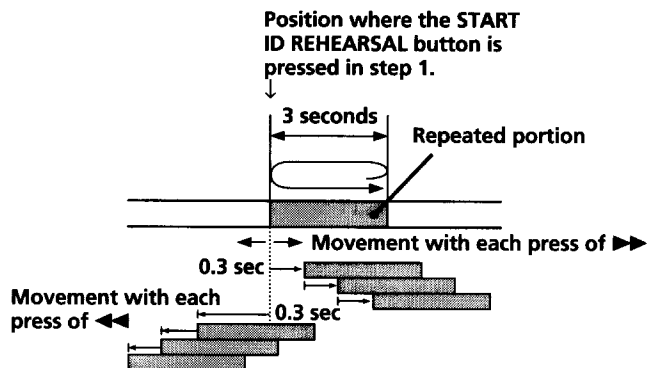


Press **WRITE**.

"ID WRITE" appears in the display for a few seconds and the start ID is written on the tape at the selected position. "START ID" flashes in the display during this time.

Accurate Positioning of Start IDs (Rehearsal)

- 1 During playback, press **START ID REHEARSAL** when you arrive at the proper position.
"REHRSL" appears, "START ID" flashes in the display and Rehearsal repeats a 3-second portion starting from the selected position. Note that the repeated portion will play back 8 times, with the remaining number of times appearing to the right of the "REHRSL". After 8 times, the deck automatically stops.
- 2 Press **◀◀** or **▶▶** to move the beginning of the repeated portion.
Each time you press the **◀◀** or **▶▶** button, the beginning of the repeated portion shifts backwards or forwards in 0.3-second increments, up to a maximum extent of about 2 seconds (4 seconds in long-play mode) in either direction.



The time in the display shows the shift in position from the time the **START ID REHEARSAL** button was pressed.

After pressing
▶▶ twice

0.6"

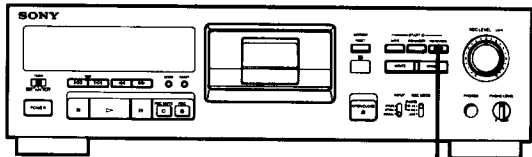
After pressing
◀◀ twice

-0.6"

- 3 Press **WRITE**.
"ID WRITE" appears in the display for a few seconds and the start ID is written on the tape at the selected position. "START ID" flashes in the display during this time.

Adjusting the Position of an Existing Start ID

You can adjust the position of previously recorded start IDs.



START ID REHEARSAL

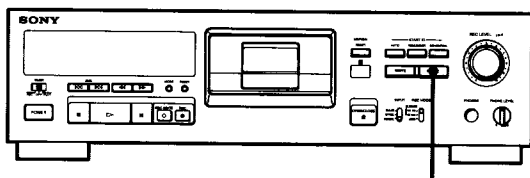
- 1 During playback, press START ID REHEARSAL when you arrive at the existing start ID you want to reposition. The deck rewinds to the beginning of start ID and Rehearsal repeats a 3-second portion.
- 2 Do the steps 1 to 3 of "Accurate Positioning of Start IDs (Rehearsal)" on page 16. You can move the start ID to a maximum extent of about 2 seconds (4 seconds in long-play mode) in either direction from its original position.

Note

Start IDs written within 10 seconds from the end of the tape may be difficult or impossible to move.

Erasing Start IDs

You can erase any start ID.



ERASE

Press ERASE where the start ID you want to erase is written.

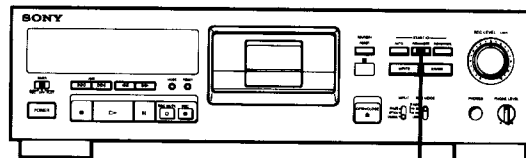
"(ERASE)" appears in the display as the deck rewinds to the beginning of the start ID, then "ID ERASE" appears as the deck erases the start ID.

- It takes 9 seconds to erase a start ID.
- Program numbers are erased together with start IDs.

Renumbering the Program Numbers Automatically (Renumbering)

Renumbering searches for each start ID from the beginning of the tape and assigns a new program number to each one starting with 1. Use Renumbering in the following cases:

- When you've added a start ID while playing the tape.
- When a program number is missing due to an erased start ID.
- When you began recording from the middle of the tape and wrote a program number that already exists, or when one of the the start IDs has no program number.



START ID RENUMBER

Press START ID RENUMBER while the deck is playing or stopped.

"RENUMBER" flashes in the display and the tape is automatically rewound to its beginning. The deck then starts searching for start IDs from the beginning of the tape and assigns a new consecutive program number to each track. When the deck detects a start ID, the deck plays the track from the start ID for 2 seconds, then writes a new program number on the tape. During this time, "RENUMBER" lights up and "START ID" flashes.

After Renumbering is finished, the deck rewinds the tape automatically to its beginning, then stops.

Note

Renumbering may not function correctly when:

- A blank section exists on the tape.
- The interval between two start IDs is less than 18 seconds (36 seconds in long-play mode).
- A start ID exists within 10 seconds from the end of the tape.

Precautions

On safety

- Do not disassemble the cabinet as this may result in an electric shock. Refer servicing to qualified personnel only.
- Should any solid object or liquid fall into the cabinet, unplug the AC power cord before operating the unit any further.

On power sources

- Before operating the unit, check that its operating voltage is identical with your local power supply. The operating voltage is indicated on the nameplate at the rear of the unit.
- The unit is not disconnected from the AC power source (mains) as long as it is connected to the wall outlet, even if the unit itself has been turned off.
- If you are not going to use the unit for a long time, be sure to disconnect the AC power cord (mains lead) from the wall outlet. To disconnect the cord, grasp the plug itself; never pull the cord.
- AC power cord must be changed only at the qualified service shop.

On operation

If the unit is brought directly from a cold place to a warm place, or is placed in a very damp room, moisture may condense inside the unit, "CAUTION" may appear in the display, and the unit may not operate. If this happens, remove the cassette and leave the unit turned on for about an hour until the moisture evaporates.

On placement

- Place the unit in a location with adequate ventilation to prevent heat build-up.
- Do not place the unit:
 - on a soft surface such as a rug that might block the ventilation holes on the bottom.
 - near heat sources.
 - in direct sunlight.
 - in an inclined position.
 - in a place subject to excessive dust or mechanical shock.

On the tapes

- After using a tape, put it into its case and keep it where it will not be subject to sunlight, high temperature, moisture or dust.
- Do not use thin-tape cassettes (with a playing time of over 120 minutes) since this may cause the unit to display inaccurate time information, or result in tape damage caused by abnormal operation.
- The DAT cassette shell is designed to keep out dust. Do not open the case to expose the tape.
- The hole at the back of the cassette is the detector slot. Do not cover this slot.

For the customers in the U.S.A.

For detailed safety precautions, see the leaflet "IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS."

If you have any questions or problems concerning your unit, please consult your nearest Sony dealer.

Cleaning

Cleaning the cabinet, panel and controls

Use a soft cloth slightly moistened with a mild detergent solution. Do not use any type of abrasive pad, scouring powder or solvent such as alcohol or benzine.

Cleaning the head and tape path

- Prolonged operation will cause contamination of the head. To obtain the best possible recording and playback sound, we recommend that you use the Sony DT-10CL cleaning cassette (not supplied) to clean the head after every ten hours or so of operation.
- Clean the head with the cleaning cassette when the deck has not been used for a long period of time. Contamination of the head may cause sound drop-out during playback.

Using the cleaning cassette

- 1 Insert the cleaning cassette as you would a normal DAT cassette.
- 2 Press \triangleright . After 10 seconds, press \blacksquare .
Do not press the REC \bullet or $\triangleright\triangleright$ button for cleaning.
- 3 Remove the cleaning cassette without rewinding it. You should rewind the cleaning cassette only when it has reached the end.

Notes on cleaning

- After 10 hours of operation, "CLEANING" appears in the display for about ten seconds when you turn on the deck. It is recommended that you clean the head and tape path periodically, using this message as a guide.
- Due to the shortness of the cleaning cassette, the counter will not show the actual running time and remaining time of the cassette.

Display Messages

The following table explains the various messages that appear in the display.

Message	Meaning
ANALOG	This appears for a few seconds when you set the INPUT switch to ANALOG.
BLANK	The deck is searching for the beginning of the blank section on the tape.
CAUTION	A safety mechanism is operating because of condensation or other reasons.
CLEANING	Cleaning the head and tape path is recommended. After about 10 hours of deck use, this message appears for about 10 seconds whenever you turn on the deck.
COAXIAL	This appears for a few seconds when you set the INPUT switch to COAXIAL.
(ERASE)	The deck is searching for the beginning of the start ID to be erased.
ID ERASE	A start ID is being erased.
ID WRITE	A start ID or program number is being written.
NO TAPE	A cassette is not inserted into the deck.
OPTICAL	This appears for a few seconds when you set the INPUT switch to OPTICAL.
PROHIBIT	The program source you are about to record cannot be recorded through the digital input jacks or connectors. For more information, see "Guide to the Serial Copy Management System" (see pages 21 and 22).
PROTECT	The record-protect hole on the cassette is open and recording on the tape cannot be done.
REHRSL	Rehearsal is on.
SOURCE	The deck has been in recording pause for about 10 minutes, or you've pressed the REC ● button while no cassette is in the deck or the cassette is record-protected.
TAPE END	The tape has come to the end of the recorded portion.
TAPE TOP	The tape has reached its beginning.
UNLOCK	No digital signal is being input to the jack or connector that you selected with the INPUT switch.
WAIT	The deck is searching for the beginning of the blank section on the tape.
(WRITE)	This appears when the WRITE button is pressed.

Troubleshooting

If you've experienced any of the following difficulties while using the deck, use this section as a guide to remedy the problem. Should any problem persist, consult your nearest Sony dealer.

The cassette holder does not close.

- ➔ Check that the cassette is inserted correctly (see pages 4 and 6).
- ➔ Insert the cassette beyond the silver bar (see pages 4 and 6).

The function buttons do not work.

- ➔ The deck has just been turned on and will not operate for about 4 seconds. Wait 4 seconds (10 seconds when "CLEANING" appears) before attempting any operation.
- ➔ The **||** button is activated. Press **||** to cancel pause.
- ➔ The tape has reached its end. Press **◀** to rewind the tape.



No sound

- ➔ Make the proper connections (see pages 7 and 8).
- ➔ The connected amplifier is not being operated properly. Operate the amplifier as required for the respective deck operation. (Refer to the operating instructions of the amplifier.)

The deck does not record.

- ➔ The record-protect hole on the cassette is open. Slide the record-protect tab to close the hole (see on page 5).
- ➔ The INPUT switch is incorrectly set. Set INPUT to the correct position.
- ➔ The REC LEVEL control is set at 0. Turn REC LEVEL clockwise to raise the recording level (only during analog recording).
- ➔ The signal input to the digital input jack or connector is protected against digital copying (only during digital recording). Input the signal through the analog input jack or connector.

The OPEN/CLOSE button does not work.

- ➔ The OPEN/CLOSE  button does not function during recording. Press **■** or **||** to stop recording first, then press OPEN/CLOSE .

"CAUTION" appears and the deck cannot be operated.

- ➔ A safety mechanism is operating because of condensation. Remove the cassette and leave the deck turned on for about an hour. Then turn the deck off, then on again (see page 18).

(Continued)

Sub codes writing is not possible.

- ➔ The record-protect hole on the cassette is open. Slide the record-protect tab to close the hole (see page 5).

Start ID writing is not possible during recording.

- ➔ The start ID cannot be written within 9 seconds (18 seconds in long-play mode) after the end of the previous start ID. Make sure at least 9 seconds (18 seconds in the long-play mode) has passed after the last start ID and before writing a new one.

Direct Access does not work.

- ➔ The specified program number does not exist on the tape. Press START ID RENUMBER to renumber the program numbers.
- ➔ The program numbers are out of order. Press START ID RENUMBER to renumber the program numbers.

The deck begins rewinding the tape during playback.

- ➔ Repeat Play is on.
Press REPEAT on the remote repeatedly to turn off "REPEAT" or "REPEAT 1" in the display and cancel Repeat Play.

The tape operation buttons do not function while writing or erasing a start ID.

- ➔ All buttons do not work during the 9 seconds the start ID is being written (18 seconds in long-play mode). Wait until the writing the start ID finishes before operation.

Absolute time codes writing is not possible.

- ➔ Recording began within a blank section.
Rewind the tape to its beginning, or locate the end of the recorded portion with End Search before starting recording.

Tape transport is excessively loud during fast-forwarding or rewinding.

- ➔ The noise is caused by the cassette and is not a mechanical problem.

The tape stops suddenly.

- ➔ The cassette is defective or damaged.
Press OPEN/CLOSE \triangle and replace the cassette with a new one.

When pressing \ll / \gg or $\ll \ll / \gg \gg$, the tape stops momentarily before starting to move.

- ➔ This is normal and is not a mechanical problem.

The deck cannot be operated with the remote (supplied).

- ➔ The battery is weak. Change both batteries.

Specifications

System

Tape	Digital audio tape
Recording head	Rotary head
Recording time (when using DT-120)	Standard: 120 minutes Long-play: 240 minutes
Tape speed	Standard: 8.15 mm/s Long-play: 4.075 mm/s
Drum rotation	Standard: 2,000 rpm Long-play: 1,000 rpm
Track pitch	13.6 μ m (20.4 μ m)
Sampling frequency	48 kHz, 44.1 kHz, 32 kHz
Number of channels	2 channels, stereo
D / A conversion (quantization)	Standard: 16-bit linear Long-play: 12-bit non-linear
Frequency response	Standard: 2-22,000 Hz (± 0.5 dB) Long-play: 2-14,500 Hz (± 0.5 dB)
Signal-to-noise ratio	90 dB or more (Standard and long-play mode)
Dynamic range	90 dB or more (Standard and long-play mode)
Total harmonic distortion	Standard: 0.005% or less (1 kHz) Long-play: 0.008% or less (1 kHz)
Wow and flutter	Below measurable limit ($\pm 0.001\%$ W.PEAK)

Input Connectors

Connector	Jack type	Input impedance	Rated input level
ANALOG (LINE)	Phono jacks	47 kilohms	-4 dBs
DIGITAL OPTICAL	Optical connector	—	—
DIGITAL COAXIAL	Phono jack	75 ohms	0.5 Vp-p

Output Connectors

Connector	Jack type	Output impedance	Rated output level	Load impedance
ANALOG (LINE)	Phono jacks	470 ohms	-4 dBs	10 kilohms or more
DIGITAL OPTICAL	Optical connector	—	(wavelength 660nm)	—
HEADPHONES	Stereo phone-plug jack	100 ohms	1.2 mW	32 ohms

General section

Power requirements

Where purchased	Power requirements
U.S.A./Canada	120 V AC, 60 Hz
Europe/U.K	220 - 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz

Power consumption 30 W

Dimensions Approx 430 × 122 × 325 mm (w/h/d)
(17 × 4⁷/₈ × 12⁷/₈ inches)

Weight Approx 5.0 kg (11 lb 0.4 oz)

Remote commander RM-D9 (supplied)

Dimensions Approx 45 × 185 × 20 mm (w/h/d)
(1¹³/₁₆ × 7³/₈ × 1³/₁₆ inches)

Weight Approx 100 g (3.5 oz) incl. batteries

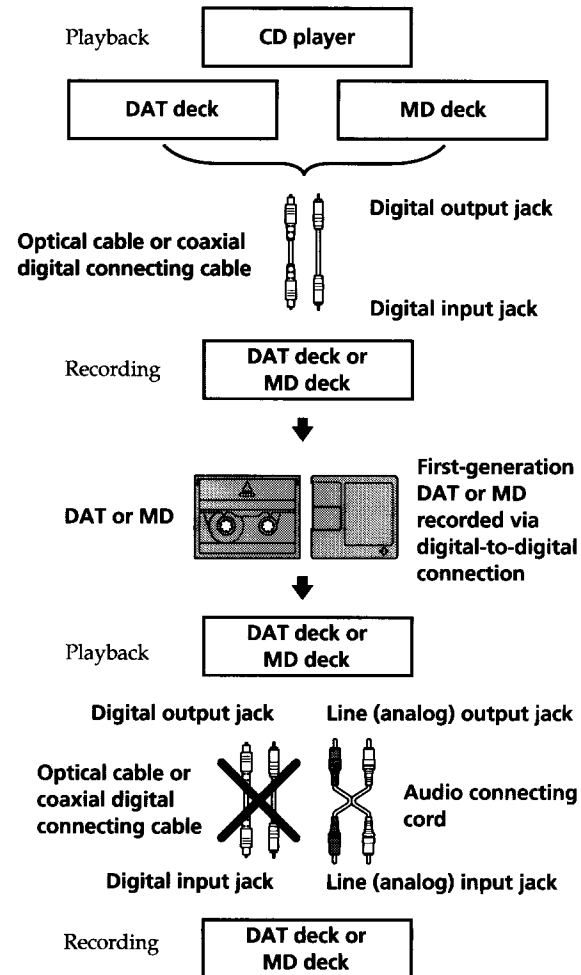
Supplied accessories See page 7.

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

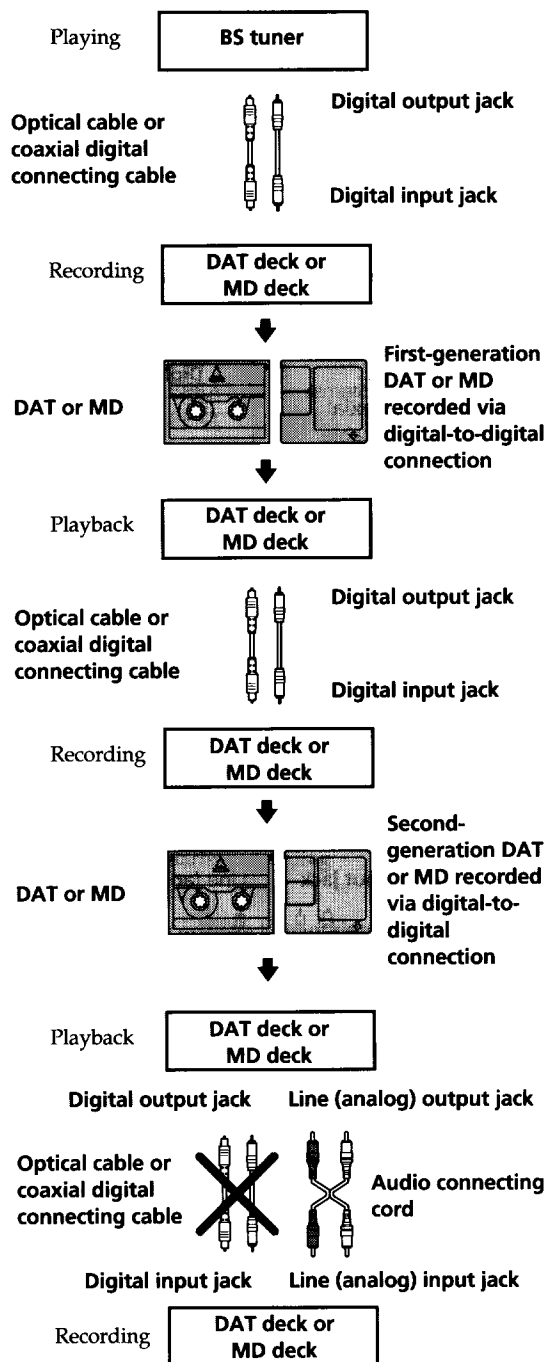
Guide to the Serial Copy Management System

This deck uses the Serial Copy Management System, which allows only first-generation digital copies to be made of premastered software via the deck's digital input jack. An outline of this system appears below:

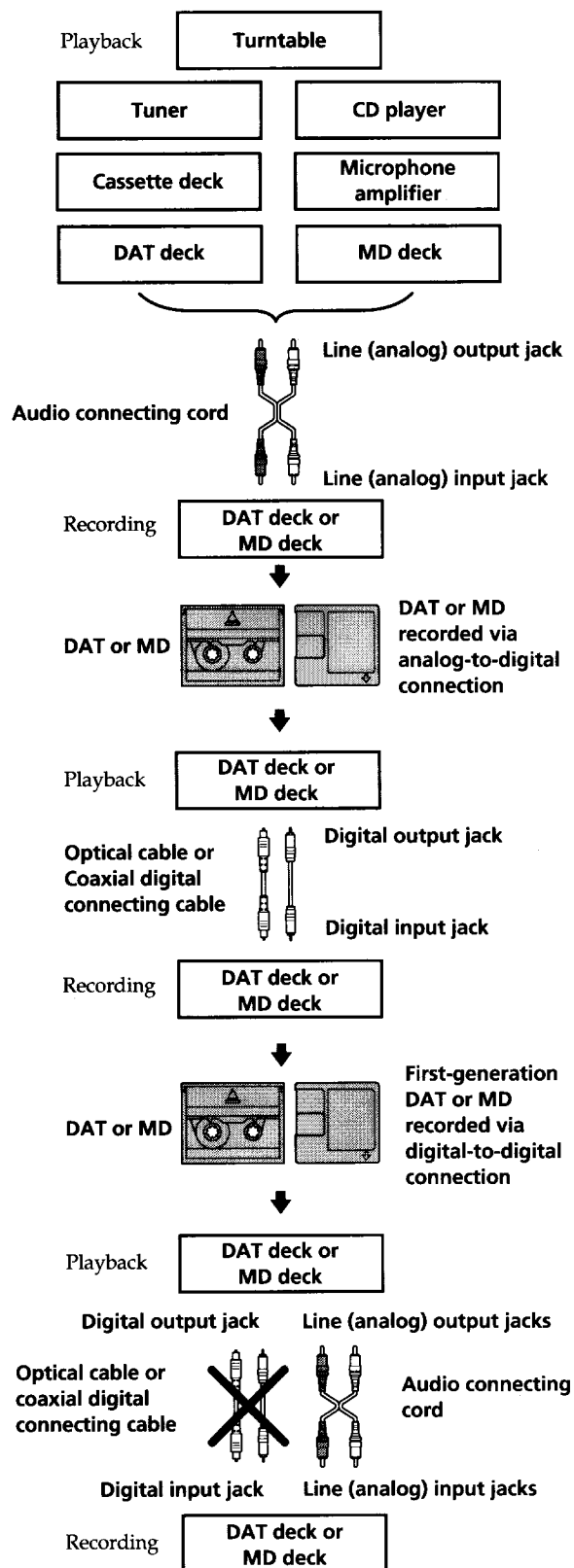
- 1 You can record from digital program sources (CDs, premastered MDs or DATs) onto a DAT or recordable MD via digital input jack on the DAT or MD deck. You cannot, however, record from this recorded DAT or MD onto another DAT or recordable MD via the digital input jack on the DAT or MD deck.



- 2 You can record the digital input signal of a digital satellite broadcast onto a DAT or recordable MD via the digital input jack on the DAT or MD deck which is capable of handling a sampling frequency of 32 kHz or 48 kHz. You can then record the contents of this recorded DAT or MD (first-generation) onto another DAT or recordable MD via digital input jack on the DAT or MD deck to create a second-generation digital copy. Subsequent recording from the second-generation copy onto another DAT or recordable MD is possible only through the analog input jack on the DAT or MD deck.



- 3 You can record a DAT or MD recorded via the DAT or MD deck's analog input jack onto another DAT or MD via the DAT or MD deck's digital output jack. You cannot, however, make a second-generation DAT or MD copy via the DAT or MD deck's digital output jack.



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